§ 50C-5. Civil no-contact order; remedy.

- (a) Upon a finding that the victim has suffered unlawful conduct committed by the respondent, the court may issue temporary or permanent civil no-contact orders as authorized in this Chapter. In determining whether or not to issue a civil no-contact order, the court shall not require physical injury to the victim.
- (b) The court may grant one or more of the following forms of relief in its orders under this Chapter:
 - (1) Order the respondent not to visit, assault, molest, or otherwise interfere with the victim.
 - (2) Order the respondent to cease stalking the victim, including at the victim's workplace.
 - (3) Order the respondent to cease harassment of the victim.
 - (4) Order the respondent not to abuse or injure the victim.
 - (5) Order the respondent not to contact the victim by telephone, written communication, or electronic means.
 - (6) Order the respondent to refrain from entering or remaining present at the victim's residence, school, place of employment, or other specified places at times when the victim is present.
 - (7) Order other relief deemed necessary and appropriate by the court, including assessing attorneys' fees to either party.
- (c) A civil no-contact order shall include the following notice, printed in conspicuous type: "A knowing violation of a civil no-contact order shall be punishable as contempt of court which may result in a fine or imprisonment." (2004-194, s. 1; 2013-390, s. 5.)

G.S. 50C-5